## **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

# **FOR**

## MINING OF SOAPSTONE

## **AT**

VILLAGE: DEVLI, TEHSIL: KANDA,

DISTRICT: BAGESHWAR, STATE: UTTARAKHAND

AREA: 17.824 HA, PROPOSED CAPACITY: 25,000 TPA (MAXIMUM)

## PROJECT PROPONENT

M/S DEVBHOOMI MINES
SHRI. UMESH CHANDRA PANDEY (PARTNER)
RAMPUR ROAD, GANGA CENTRE, HALDWANI
DISTT-NAINITAL (UTTRAKHAND)

## PREPARED BY

## ENVIRO INFRA SOLUTIONS PVT. LTD.

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June 2019

## **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 PURPOSE OF THE REPORT

M/s Devbhoomi Mines & Minerals proposes the Soapstone Mine extending over an area of 17.284 ha (25,000 TPA (maximum)of Soapstone) in Village-Devli Tehsil-Kanda of District-Bageshwar, Uttarakhand. The proposal for TOR was considered in its meeting dated 21st January 2019 and 22nd January 2019 and since the project is greater than 5 ha, therefore comprehensive EIA report shall be prepared. The draft Environmental Impact Assessment report has been prepared to comply with the Terms of Reference (ToR) No. 21/SEAC dated 12th February, 2019 issued from SEAC, under EIA notification of the MoEF&CC dated 14th September, 2006 and amended thereof, for seeking environmental clearance for mining of soapstone in the applied mining lease area.

#### 1.2 IDENTIFICATION OF PROJECT & PROJECT PROPONENT

## 1.2.1 Identification of Project

The Proposed Soapstone mine is executed over an area of 17.284 ha in Village-Devli Tehsil-Kanda of District-Bageshwar, Uttarakhand. The maximum production rate is of 25,000 TPA of soapstone production.

The cost of the project is Rs.17 lakhs.

#### 1.2.2 Project Proponent

M/s Devbhoomi Mines is a private company. The proposed Soapstone Mine extends over an area of 17.284 Ha (25,000 TPA (maximum) of Soapstone) in Village- Devli Tehsil-Kanda of District-Bageshwar, Uttarakhand. The Lol of proposed Soapstone Mine was granted in favour of M/s Devbhoomi Mines for period of 50 years by the Govt. of Uttarakhand. The proposed rate of production is 25,000 TPA (maximum) of soapstone. The estimated project cost is Rs 17 lakhs. The expected life of mine is 50 years.

#### Address of the applicant

M/s Devbhoomi Mines

Rampur Road, Ganga Centre

Haldwani, District-Nainital (Uttrakhand)

### 2.0 BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

## 2.1 Nature of the Project

The proposed Soapstone Mine, project will adopt opencast manual cum semi mechanized method. The mine is executed over a lease area of about 17.284 ha, for the production of 25,000 TPA of soapstone.

Therefore as per the EIA Notification dated 15<sup>th</sup> January, 2016 and 1st July, 2016, the project comes under "**B1**" Category since the area is greater than 5 ha.

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## 2.2 Size of the Project

The proposed Soapstone mining project extends over an area of 17.824 ha with the target maximum production capacity of mine is about 25,000 TPA of Soapstone.

## 2.3 Anticipated Life of Project and Cost of the Project

The projected life of the mine is 50 years. The cost of the project is about Rs. 17 lakhs.

## 2.4 Location of the Project

The proposed Soapstone Mine lease comes under Village-Devli Tehsil-Kanda of District-Bageshwar, Uttarakhand. Geo-graphically the ML area extends from North Latitude 29°50′0.24" N to 29°50′25.08"N and East Longitude 79°51′5.4"E to 79°51′23.40" E with an elevation of about 2034 m (highest) Reduced level (RL). The area falls in Survey of India topo sheet No. 53 O/13.

#### 2.5 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

#### 2.5.1 Salient Features of Mine Lease

The salient features of mine lease are given in **Table 1** below:

Table 1: Salient Features of mine lease area

Sr. No.	Parameter	Description	
1	Name of the Mine	Proposed Soapstone Mining Project at Village Devli, Tehsil Kanda. Bageshwar	
2	Mining Capacity	25,000 (maximum) TPA of Soapstone	
3	Longitude Latitude	29°50'0.24" N to 29°50'25.08"N and 79°51'5.4"E to 79°51'23.40" E	
4	Method of mining	Opencast semi mechanized method	
5	Total ML area	17.824 Ha	
6	Extent of mechanization	Excavator shall be deployed for extraction of top soil, interburden and mineral. No drilling and blasting will be done.	
7	Bench height & width	3m	
8	Bench Slope	60° to 65°	
9	Slope of track	1:8 to 1:20	
10	Transportation of Material	The mineral will be supplied in the local market by trucks/tippers.	
11	Manpower	56 persons	
12	Water Requirement	7.5 KLD	
13	Source of Water	Village Panchayat	
14	Greenbelt development / Plantation (Mine life end)	0.234 ha	
15.	No of saplings proposed in 5 years	1794	

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## 2.5.2 Mine Development and Production

The mining will be done semi-mechanized way in open cast method in quite a systematic manner by forming 6m high benches. However, there may be minor variation in the width and-height which the lessee will keep on mending. The top soil and interburden to be scrapped with the help of JCB machine, dozer, shovels, pickaxe, spade & crowbar and will be stacked separately in dump yard located near the working pit. The developmental working will be done by construction of road/track to different working benches, removal of top soil and interburden. The soil will be filled into the bags, loaded on mules and unload into stockyard.

Year wise Production details are given in Table 2 below.

 Years
 Saleable soapstone (Tonnes)

 1st
 24000

 2nd
 25000

 3rd
 24000

 4th
 23000

 5th
 23000

 Total
 119000

**Table 2: Year wise Production of Soapstone Mine** 

The quantity of soil, interburden from pit to be generated during next five years is given in **Table 3** below:

Years	Top Soil (cum)	Interburden (cum)
1st	9231	6154
2nd	9615	6410
3rd	9231	6154
4th	8846	5897
5th	8846	5897
Total	45769	30512

Table 3: Quantity of Top Soil and interburden of Soapstone Mine

#### 2.5.3 Method of Mining

The mining will be done semi-mechanized way in open cast method in quite a systematic mariner by forming 6m high benches. All operations of mining will be carried by using JCB as well as conventional manual means using crowbars, spades and chisel etc as well as by using excavator. The production has been proposed in quarry of the ML area. No deep hole drilling and blasting is proposed.

#### 2.5.4 Impact on Land Use, Reclamation of Mined Out Areas and Afforestation Programme

## Impact on land use & reclamation of mined out areas

Opencast mining activities may alter the landscape of the lease area and also cause some disturbance to the surface features of the surrounding areas. Mining will be done after leaving 7.5 m safety barrier.

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Plantation will be developed in consultation with district administration/ local authority, wherever feasible.

The Existing land use pattern is agricultural land. The Existing land use pattern indicating the area already degraded due to quarrying/pitting dumping, roads, processing plants, workshop, township etc.

The impact on land form or physiography will be land use on the hilly terrain will undergo radical changes due to the open cast mining. During the next five years mining, 2.240 ha land will be degraded due to mining & allied activities.

## Proposal for reclamation of land affected by mining activities:

The mining will commence from the higher levels and will advance towards lower levels. Intermittent backfilling will commence from the higher levels and subsequently advance towards the lower elevation so that terraced agriculture fields would undertake in such a manner that original land use will be restored i.e. before the onset of monsoon will be handed over to cultivators for cultivation. The final backfilling will be started once the ultimate benches are formed and pit reaches the optimum economic depth. All recovery of the mineral will be of the saleable grade.

Plantation will be raised in 7.5m barrier zone along the boundaries of the mining lease area by planting the native species around ML area, backfilled and reclaimed area, around water body, roads etc. in consultation with the local DFO/Agriculture department. The details of the year wise plantation have been shown in **Table 4**.

Year	Area (ha)	No of saplings
First year	0.040	40
Second year	0.053	53
Third year	0.061	61
Fourth year	0.038	38
Fifth year	0.042	42
Total	0.234	234*

Table 4: Year wise Afforestation scheduled

## 2.5.5 Land Use Pattern

Presently (pre-mining), the land covered under the mine lease area is non-forest agricultural land.

#### 3.0 BASELINE ENVIRONMENTAL STATUS

#### 3.1 Soil Quality

Eight soil samples were collected in and around the mine lease area to assess the present soil quality of the region. In the study area, variations in the pH of the soil were found to be slightly basic (7.64 to 7.90). Electrical conductivity (EC) is a measure of the soluble salts and ionic activity in the soil. In the collected soil samples the conductivity ranged from  $260 - 360.04 \,\mu mhos/cm$ .

<sup>\*</sup>Besides these 1700 more no. of more samplings will be done all along the periphery of the mine lease area/in the nearby van panchayat land.

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Based on the results, it is evident that the soils are not contaminated by any polluting sources.

## 3.2 Meteorology

Meteorological data at the site was monitored during 1<sup>st</sup> March 2019 to 31<sup>th</sup> May 2019 representing winter season.

## 3.3 Ambient Air Quality

Ambient Air Quality Monitoring (AAQM) has been carried out at five locations during pre-monsoon season from March to May 2019. The minimum and maximum level of PM10 recorded within the study area was in the range of 50.2  $\mu$ g/m³ to 67  $\mu$ g/m³ with the 98th percentile ranging between 59.2  $\mu$ g/m³ to 66.5  $\mu$ g/m³. The minimum and maximum level of PM<sub>2.5</sub> recorded within the study area was in the range of 20.1  $\mu$ g/m³ to 25.2  $\mu$ g/m³ with the 98<sup>th</sup> percentile ranging between 27.5  $\mu$ g/m³ to 30.2  $\mu$ g/m³. The minimum and maximum concentration of SO<sub>2</sub> recorded within the study area was 6.20 to 8.60  $\mu$ g/m³ with the 98<sup>th</sup> percentile ranging between 6.90  $\mu$ g/m³ to 8.40  $\mu$ g/m³. The minimum and maximum level of NO<sub>2</sub> recorded within the study area was in the range of was 12.40  $\mu$ g/m³ to 16.20  $\mu$ g/m³ with the 98<sup>th</sup> percentile ranging between 14.10  $\mu$ g/m³ to 15.50  $\mu$ g/m³. The results thus obtained indicate that the concentrations of PM<sub>10</sub>, PM<sub>2.5</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub> in the Ambient Air are well within the National Ambient Air Quality (NAAQ) standards for Industrial, Residential, Rural and other areas.

#### 3.4 Water Quality

To assess the physical and chemical properties of water in the region, water samples from 8 locations were collected from various water sources around the mine lease area.

The pH was varying for ground water from 7.62 to 7.92 and the surface water are 7.41 to 7.86. The total dissolved solids in ground water are varying from 123 mg/l to 135 mg/l whereas in surface water varying from 103 mg/l to 120 mg/l The chloride level in the ground water samples collected in the study area were ranging from 10 mg/l to a maximum of 15 mg/l, in surface water samples 7 mg/l to 12 mg/l. The hardness is varying from 152 mg/l to 182 mg/l

The results indicate groundwater is generally in conformity with the drinking water standards (IS: 10500) and surface water is in conformity with IS-2296 standards.

#### 3.5 Noise Levels

Ambient noise levels were measured at Five locations around the proposed mine site. The hourly night time noise levels ranges between 38.4 to 48.2 dB (A) and the hourly daytime Leq (Ld) varies from 45.2 to 61.3 dB (A). The daytime and nighttime noise levels in all the locations were observed to be within the permissible limits.

## 3.6 Ecological Environment

Based on the field studies and review of published literature, it is observed that there are two Schedule-I species present in the study area of the mine lease area i.e. Indian Leopard and Asiatic Black Bear. There are no wildlife sanctuaries and National Parks within the study area of 10-km radius. However, the nearest RF from the mine lease is Bilkhet Reserve Forest at a distance of 1 km.

#### 3.7 Social Environment

According to the 2011 census of India, Bageshwar has a population of 2,59,898 whereas project tehsil Kanda is having population of 26,272. The total SC population in Bageshwar district is 72,061 which is 27.72% of the total population, while ST population is 1982, which is 0.76% of the total population. Similarly, the SC population of Project area is, 31.51% (8278) and ST population of Project area is, 0.97% (256). The literate population in Bageshwar district is 1,79,483, out of which male & female are 97,546 and 81,937 respectively. The male literates represent 54.35% while female represent 45.65% of the total population. The literate population is 17,970 out of which 9,571 (53.26%) are male and 8,399 (46.74%) are female.

#### 4.0 ANTICIPATED ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

### 4.1 Impact on Air Quality

Soapstone mine where  $PM_{10}$  and  $PM_{2.5}$  will be the main pollutants generated in mining activities. The emissions of Sulphur dioxide ( $SO_2$ ), Nitrogen Oxide ( $NO_2$ ) contributed by diesel operated equipment and vehicles movement were considered marginal as branded make and vehicles with PUC certificate will be operated only. Fugitive dust and particulates are major pollutants occurred in the mining activities. Fugitive emissions will be settled by 70-80% by use of multiple water sprinklers. Prediction of impacts on air environment will be made with proposed production and net increase in  $PM_{10}$  and  $PM_{2.5}$  emissions at the proposed site and at the 10 km radius of study area due to mining activities.

Air pollution sources in the operating mine was classified into two categories:

- i. Loading and unloading of mineral and OB, IB
- ii. Transportation on the haul road

## 4.2 Impact on Water Resources

#### **Surface Water Resources**

The topography of the area will not be largely changed in view of the proposed concurrent reclamation. During the mining activity period, there is a possibility of mixing of freshly disturbed material with the rain water. To take care of such happenings, retaining walls have been provided along the backfilled pits and along the soil and interburden dumps.

## **Groundwater Resources**

The water table in hills is usually very deep and does not have any relevance with mining activities. However, concurrent restoration to original topography will not be disturbing the percolating water.

### 4.3 Impact on Water Quality

The impact on water quality will be confined to increased suspended solids during rain. The dumps will be secured with toe walls and rainy water will not carry significant suspended material.

## 4.4 Impact on Noise Levels and Ground Vibrations

With the mining operations, due to the deployment of machinery, operation for mine development, excavation and transportation of soapstone and men, it is imperative that noise levels would increase. Assessment of hourly night time Leq (Ln) varies from 36.8 to 45.2 dB (A) and the hourly daytime Leq (Ld) varies from 47.5 to 52.3 dB (A) within the study area. It is also observed that these incremental noise levels will not significantly affect the existing ambient noise levels.

## 4.5 Impact on Soil

The environmental impacts of the mining activities on topsoil are based on the quantity of removal of topsoil and its dumping. In the present project as it is proposed to temporarily store the topsoil and use it for plantation schemes, no impact of dozing of topsoil is envisaged.

The soil erosion from overburden and interburden dumps is not envisaged in the present project, as sufficient measures as detailed in the EMP would be undertaken.

### 4.6 Impact on Flora and Fauna

There is no forest area in the core zone area of the lease. As the mining activity is restricted to core zone, no significant impact on the flora of the buffer zone due to the proposed mining of Soapstone is anticipated.

It is proposed to include *Alternanthera paronychioides, Cassia tora* and *Holoptelea integrifolia* in the plantation program as they serve as sinks for gaseous emissions. Extensive plantation comprising of pollutant resistant trees will be undertaken, which will serve not only as pollution sink but also as a noise barrier.

The incremental dust generations due to the mining operations, at the boundary of the mine lease are insignificant and it is also expected that with the adoption of mitigatory measures as suggested in EMP, the impact due to operation of the mine will be minimal on the terrestrial ecosystem and also on the adjacent forest area.

The impact on the fauna of the buffer zone due to the mining activity will be marginal. The proposed progressive plantation over a period of time will reduce the impact, if any, on the fauna.

## 4.7 Impact on Land Use Pattern

The proposed opencast mine will result in change the land use pattern of the ML area. The land degradation is expected during mining activities like excavation, overburden dumping, soil extraction etc. Land requirement for the project has been assessed considering functional needs.

#### 4.8 Impact on Socio - Economic Aspects

The mine area does not cover any habitation. Hence the mining activity does not involve any displacement of human settlement. No public buildings, places, monuments etc exist within the lease area or in the vicinity. The mining operation will not disturb/ relocate any village or need resettlement. Thus no adverse impact is anticipated.

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The impact of mining activity in the area is positive on the socio-economic environment of the region. The proposed Soapstone Mine will be providing employment to local population and it will be give preference to the local people whenever there is requirement of man power.

## 5.0 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN

The summary of environmental mitigation measures are given in **Table 5**.

**Table 5: Proposed Environmental Mitigation Measures** 

Impact Predicted	Suggestive measure
Disturbance of free movement / living of wild fauna	<ul> <li>Awareness camps will be conducted for labours to make them aware about sensitivity/importance of forest life.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>No tract or new road for movement of labours or vehicles be laid in reserve forest area, this will prevent forest fragmentation, encroachment and human – animal encounter.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Care will be taken that noise produced during vehicles movement for carrying ore materials are within the permissible noise level. Higher noise level in the forest area will lead to restless and failure in detection of calls of mates and young ones.</li> </ul>
	Care will be taken that no hunting of animals carried out by labours.
	<ul> <li>If wild animals are noticed crossing the core zone, it will not be disturbed at all.</li> </ul>
	Labours will not be allowed to discards food, plastic etc., which can attract animals near the core site.
	<ul> <li>Only low polluting vehicle will be allowed for carrying ore materials. All vehicles allowed in the project site area will have to provide pollution under control certificate at the end of three months.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>No honk will be allowed in the forest area, noise level will be within permissible limit (silent zone-50dB during day time) as per noise pollution (regulation and control), rules, 2000, CPCB norms.</li> </ul>
Harvesting of forest flora	<ul> <li>No tree cutting, chopping, lumbering, uprooting of shrubs and herbs should be allowed.</li> </ul>
	No pilling of ore material should in the reserve forest area.
	Collections of economically important plants will be fully restricted.

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#### 6.0 ANALYSIS OF ALTERNATIVES

The Soapstone has been identified based on the result of geological investigations and exploration carried out by projective mining. The mining projects are site specific as such alternate sites were not considered.

The mine is operated by opencast cum semi-mechanized method of mining. No other alternative technologies can be used because of the hard nature of the ore. Proposed mine is using eco-friendly measures to minimize the impact of mining on the surrounding environment.

#### 7.0 COST ESTIMATES

The details of the cost to for the Environmental Management plan for 5 years, the budget for Corporate Environmental Responsibility (CER) (per year) and the budget for Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) (per year) has been given in **Table 6**, **Table 7** and **Table 8** respectively.

Table 6: Budget for Environmental Management Plan

S. No.	Measures	Cost (In Rs.) (per year)
1.	Water Sprinkling for dust suppression	50,000
2.	Environmental Monitoring :	2,00,000
	<ul><li>(i) Ambient Air Quality Monitoring</li><li>(ii) Ambient Noise Monitoring</li><li>(iii) Water Quality Sampling &amp; Analysis</li><li>(iv) Soil Quality Sampling &amp; Analysis</li></ul>	
3.	Plantation of 1794 trees along with their	1,79,400
	maintenance for green belt	. ,
4.	Cost for Retaining wall/Toe wall	1,77,720
Total		6,07,120

Table 7: Budget for Corporate Environmental Responsibility (CER) (per year)

S. No.	Measures	Cost (In Rs.) (per year)
1.	Sanitation facilities	50,000
2.	Skill Development for villagers	30,000
3.	Awareness to local farmers to increase yield of crop and fodder	40,000
4.	Plantation in the community areas/schools and on van panchayat land of nearby villages	50,000
	Total	1,70,000

Table 8: Budget for Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) (per year)

S. No.	Measures	Cost (In Rs.) (per year)	
1.	Health Camps	50,000	
2.	Drinking Water Facilities	35,000	
3.	Maintenance of foot track	25,000	
4.	Donation for Temple Construction	25,000	
5.	Donation for cultural activities in the surrounding	35,000	
	areas		
	Total	1,70,000	

#### 8.0 ADDITIONAL STUDIES

## 8.1 Risk Assessment and Disaster Management Plan

The complete mining operation will be carried out under the management control and direction of a qualified mine manager holding Mines Manager's Certificate of Competency. Moreover, mining staff will be sent to refresher courses from time to time to keep them updated.

### 8.2 Disaster Management Plan

Emergency preparedness is an important aspect in the planning of Disaster Management. Personnel would be trained suitably and prepared mentally and physically in emergency response through carefully planned, simulated procedures. Similarly, the key personnel and essential personnel shall be trained in the operations.

#### 9.0 PUBLIC CONSULTATION

### 9.1 Public Hearing

In consonance with the EIA notification dated 14th September 2006, vide section 1 (a) related to Public Hearing, the draft EIA/EMP report shall be submitted to the Uttarakhand Environment Protection & Pollution Control Board (UEPPCB) for public hearing.

#### 10.0 PROJECT BENEFITS

The impact on the civic amenities will be substantial after the commencement of mining activities. Medical facilities will be provided in the form of first-aid facility at the mine. These medical facilities will also be available to local people in the surrounding in case of emergencies.

- Generation of employment and improved standard of living;
- Increased revenue to the State by way of royalty, taxes and duties; and
- Superior communication and transport facilities etc.
   The employment of local people in primary and secondary sectors of project will upgrade the prosperity of the region.

## 11.0 CONCLUSIONS

- The mining operations will meet the compliance requirements of MoEF&CC;
- Community impacts will be beneficial, as the project will generate significant economic benefits for the region;
- Adoption of Best Available Technology and Best Management Practices with more environmental friendly process; and
- With the effective implementation of the Environment Management Plan (EMP) during the mining activities, the proposed project can proceed without any significant negative impact on environment.